

THE JANEVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

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JANEVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1903

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FRANCHISE IS TO BE ASKED

Another Company Will Seek the Privilege of Building Road.

JANEVILLE CAPITAL INTERESTED

New York and Chicago Capitalists Are Said To Be Backing the New Project With Money.

It is stated on good authority that a second application for a franchise to build an interurban road from Janesville to Madison will be presented to the common council for consideration within a few weeks, aside from the Southern Wisconsin company, whose proposition has been published. The second company is said to be composed of Chicago and New York capitalists and that several local men of prominence will also be interested in the concern. It had not been the plan of the second company to ask for a franchise at once but the coming into prominence of the Southern Wisconsin application has hastened matters and it is now said the second application will be forthcoming at once.

Have Investigated Route. One of the gentlemen who expects to be financially interested in the new company said this morning: "The proposition has been under consideration for some time past. We had not anticipated that the Southern Wisconsin company would make another application and had not hurried our work. The application will only be presented now instead of later. Some ten days ago several of the Chicago gentlemen interested with us came to Janesville and drove over the entire

route from here to Madison. They also investigated the Madison line and the entering the city and thoroughly looked over the entire proposition. They were favorably impressed and are now in consultation with the New York gentlemen who will be associated with us. I expect to hear from them within a day or two."

Have the Funds. "I will state however, that if we have the franchise granted to us we will begin work at once and will rush the road to completion. Just what the route to Madison will be I cannot say as yet. The gentlemen interested are practical electric road builders and have built and equipped several roads that are most prosperous throughout the country. When the road is built to Madison it is thought that a road through Walworth county connecting with the roads leading into Milwaukee will also be built making connection between Janesville and the Cream City with Janesville as one of the terminal points. Just how the road would run out of the city I do not know; that matter is left for the engineers of the company to decide but I think the corner of Main and Milwaukee streets would probably be the terminus."

SHOOTING STOPS THE SERMON

POLICEMAN STAGGERS INTO CHURCH AT NASHVILLE FATALLY WOUNDED.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 7.—In a pistol duel at the corner of Market street and Lindsey avenue between Thomas Cox and Patrolman Benjamin F. Dowell the officer was shot in the abdomen and physicians have little hope of his recovery. The shooting occurred in front of Grace Cumberland Presbyterian church. Dr. W. A. Ausban had just taken his text when the fusillade began. Almost immediately afterward the door opened and Dowell staggered in, his smoking revolver still in his hand. "Gentlemen," he gasped, "I'm shot. Take my gun, please."

The incident broke up the services. A curious coincidence in connection is the text selected by Dr. Ausban from Nos. 23-10, "Let me die the death of the righteous."

WILL CLOSE THE POOL ROOMS

Action of Kentucky Court of Appeals Stops Business in Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 7.—As the result of a recent decision of the Kentucky court of appeals it now seems certain that the poolrooms in Louisville will be closed. They have been in almost constant litigation for several years, politics cutting quite a figure in the struggle. A year ago the city council passed an ordinance imposing a heavy fine and jail sentence on those owning and operating a poolroom and making each day's operation a separate offense. This is the measure that has been upheld by the court of appeals.

WANTED FOR POOR LAWYER.

Venice, Dec. 7.—Luis Petrik, a lawyer of Nagyvárad, Hungary, who is in reduced circumstances, has been informed by the Austrian ambassador at Berlin that akinsian, a Berlin banker, has just died, leaving a fortune of \$12,000,000, of which Petrik is the principal legatee.

Mrs. Baker Declines Gift.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 7.—Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy has declined as a gift the new building erected at a cost of \$1,185,000 by the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in New York city.

The tender was made by members of the church "as a tribute of loving loyalty and gratitude."

Precedent Established.

"It is quite natural for American girls to seek Englishmen with titles," remarked the Webster Philosopher, as he slid into his rubber boots. "The precedent was established by Pocahontas when she married Capt. John Smith."

Satisfied.

A clergyman recently visited an old schoolmate who is located in Montana. One Sunday they held revival services in a large camp of Swedish miners, and at one of the meetings the minister from the Quaker City, looking straight at a big, powerful looking man who sat in front, said to him: "My friend, don't you want to work for the Lord?"

The Swede thought a few seconds and replied slowly:

"No, I tank not: Do Norden Pacific tallers is party good to work for."

Woman Factory Inspector.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 7.—Announcement has been made of the appointment of Mrs. Winnie M. Grissey, 317 Warren avenue, Chicago, to be a deputy factory inspector.

Contractor Drops Dead.

Hannibal, Ind., Dec. 7.—Samuel Shade, a contractor, dropped dead in a buffet while calling for a drink of whiskey. The verdict of the coroner's inquest was cerebral hemorrhage.

Infant Mortality in France.

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HER CHRISTMAS STOCKING.

ROYAL SCANDAL STIRS AUSTRIA

PRINCESS SHOOTS ACTRESS HER SPOUSE ENTERTAINS.

ALSO SOUGHT TO KILL PRINCE

Armed with Gold Mounted Revolver, She Went to His Apartments In a Rage.

ROOT COMMENDS GENERAL STAFF

REPORTS NEW SYSTEM OF CONTROL IS GOOD.

FEW TROOPS FOR ISLANDS

Says There Is Not Much Need of Soldiers Outside, of the Moro County.

DOWIE LANDS ON TOP ONCE MORE

ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH HIS BIG CREDITORS.

RECEIVERS ARE NOW GOING

The Prophet Will Soon Bain Complete Charge of His Own Again.

CLAIRVOYANTS ARE ARRESTED

Nebraska Farmer Accuses Prisoners of \$2,100 Theft.

NEGRO PASTORS START FIGHT IN CONFERENCE

Come to Blows Over Selection of Delegates to African Methodist Meeting at Chicago.

FORAYTHO, GA., DEC. 7.—WHILE

IN AN ARGUMENT BEFORE THE AFRICAN METHODIST CONFERENCE, NOW IN SESSION HERE, REV. F. W. WARE AND REV.

F. T. ATKINS, PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THAT BODY, PASSED SEVERAL UNCOMPLIMENTARY REMARKS AND FINALLY CAME TO

BLOWS, WHICH ENDED IN A FREE FIGHT,

CHICAGO, DEC. 7.—BY A STROKE OF DIPLOMACY JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE HAS ESTABLISHED HARMONY BETWEEN ZION, ITS RECEIVERS AND ITS CREDITORS IN AND OUT OF COURT.

HE PROPOSED TO PETTY WITH HIS IMMEDIATE CREDITORS, TO ARRANGE WITH OTHERS ON A REASONABLE TIME BASIS, AND TO END THE RECEIVERSHIP.

WHEN THE ATTORNEYS REPRESENTING HIS HEAVIEST CREDITORS HAD MET SATURDAY, AND AGREED TO EXTEND HIS TIME, HE

ACKNOWLEDGE HIS SOLVENCY AND PETITION JUDGE KOHLSAT TO DISMISS THE RECEIVERSHIP.

ATTORNEYS W. TUDOR APAMADOC AND FREDERICK H. WICKETT WENT TO ZION CITY TO ACQUAINT DR. DOWIE WITH THEIR ACTION.

RESONCES ARE LARGE.

TO A CONFERENCE TO WHICH HE INVITED THEM DR. DOWIE ALSO INVITED JACOB NEWMAN, ATTORNEY FOR THE RECEIVERS.

HE SHOWED THE LAWYER A STATEMENT PREPARED BY DEACON BARNARD, ZION'S GENERAL FINANCIAL MANAGER, SETTING FORTH ZION'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

HE DECLARED HE VALUED ZION'S ESTATE AT \$14,000,000 ABOVE ALL LIABILITIES.

HE EXHIBITED LARGE ORDERS FOR LUG AND CANDY.

HE SAID NEITHER LACE NOR CANDY FACTORY COULD SUPPLY ITS ORDERS.

HE SHOWED AN ORDER FOR SEVENTY-FIVE CARLOADS OF CANDY FROM A CINCINNATI FIRM.

HE SHOWED A DRAFT FOR \$60,000 FROM A WEALTHY WELL-WISHER AND DECLARED HE COULD DRAW FOR \$200,000 MORE ON ONE OF ZION'S FRIENDS IN WISCONSIN.

ZION'S ESTATE AT LARGE.

ARMY AND NAVY BOARD.

FOLLOWING THE SAME LINE OF POLICY

THE REPORT SAYS THE SECRETARIES OF WAR AND THE NAVY ENTERED INTO AN AGREEMENT FOR A JOINT ARMY AND NAVY BOARD TO SECURE JOINT ACTION AND CO-OPERATION OF THE TWO BRANCHES OF THE SERVICE.

OF THE RESULTS EXPECTED, THE SECRETARY SAYS:

"THE COMMON UNDERSTANDING AND MUTUAL ASSISTANCE BETWEEN THE TWO SERVICES, WHICH IT IS WITHIN THE POWER OF THIS BOARD TO BRING ABOUT, MAY BE MADE TO COVER A WIDE RANGE.

IF THE TWO FORCES ARE EVER TO BE CALLED UPON TO CORPORATE, THE TIME TO DETERMINE WHAT EACH SHALL DO AND THE TIME FOR EACH TO LEARN WHAT THE OTHER CAN DO, IS BEFORE THE EXIGENCY ARISES."

STRENGTH OF ARMY.

THE FULL STRENGTH OF THE REGULAR ARMY OCT. 15, 1903, WAS 3,681 OFFICERS

AND 55,500 ENLISTED MEN, OF WHOM 843 OFFICERS AND 14,667 MEN WERE ON DUTY

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

THEY WERE ALSO IN THE SERVICE TWENTY-SIX OFFICERS AND 529 ENLISTED MEN IN THE PORTO RICO REGIMENT, NINETY-NINE OFFICERS AND 4,805 ENLISTED PHILIPPINE SCOUTS, AND 2,807 HOSPITAL CORPS MEN.

THESE FIGURES SHOW A NET DECREASE DURING THE YEAR OF 11,978.

THE SECRETARY COMMENDS THE ACT TO

PROMOTE THE EFFICIENCY OF THE MILITIA

AND PROVIDING FOR CALLING IT INTO SERVICE.

THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORGANIZED MILITIA AVAILABLE FOR THIS PURPOSE IS 3,120 COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND 81,007 MEN.

NEW YORK LEADS WITH 13,869 MEN, PENNSYLVANIA COMES SECOND WITH 9,068

AND ILLINOIS THIRD, WITH 6,669.

WE'RE FINALLY Hitched.

"THERE WAS NOT A HITCH OF ANY

KIND," SAYS AN ESTEEMED CONTEMPORARY

IN ITS ACCOUNT OF A WEDDING,

"FROM THE TIME THE ENGAGEMENT WAS ANNOUNCED UNTIL THE SERVICE WAS READ."

THEN, OF COURSE, THE HAPPY PAIR WERE HITCHED ALL RIGHT.

THIS BEATS SOLOMON'S WIDOWS.

THEY SAY THERE IS NOTHING NEW, HOW

IS THIS: A MAN FROM THE COUNTRY APPROACHED A GLOBE REPORTER TO-DAY, AND

SAYED: "I WISH YOU WOULD SAY A WOMAN

IN OUR NEIGHBORHOOD IS GIVING SO

MUCH OVER HER HUSBAND, WHO DIED LAST

APRIL, THAT THE NEIGHBORS ARE TIRED

OF IT."—ATCHISON GLOBE.

Irish Peat Bogs.

THE PEAT BOGS OF IRELAND COULD GIVE

AN ANNUAL OUTPUT OF 100,000 ELECTRIC

HORSE-POWER FOR THE NEXT 1,350 YEARS.

COTTON FIGURES.

"IN THE COTTON ZONE 25,000,000 ACRES

ARE DEVOTED TO THAT STAPLE, THE YIELD

BEING 10,827,000 BALES OF 500 POUNDS

EACh, WORTH IN CASH \$425,000,000.

CHANGE IN ARMY UNIFORM.

THE MOST MARKED CHANGE IN THE UNIFORM

OF THE ARMY, UNDER THE GENERAL

ORDER JUST ISSUED, IS THAT THE STRIPE

ON THE INFANTRY TROUSERS, WHICH WAS

CHANGED A YEAR OR SO AGO FROM WHITE

TO BLUE, WILL AGAIN BE WHITE. THE SAME

CHANGE WILL BE MADE IN THE CHEVRONS

AND THE BOX SPUR AND BLACK LEATHER

TROUSERS' STRAP WILL BE ABANDONED.

IS LOCAL LINE SOLD OR NOT?

Mr. Smith Claims To Have Purchased It From Blabon.

WOULD RETIRE SOME OF THE BONDS

Then Plans to Improve the City Service, and Also To Extend the Line to Milton Junction.

For some time past rumors have been heard to the effect that the he proposed retiring \$25,000 worth of the bonds. This would leave unchanged hands and that Mr. Smith had become the owner. Milwaukee papers have opportunity of relinquishing their stated interview with Mr. Smith in shares and receiving new shares in the

AN ABLE SERMON BY REV. WARNER

METHODIST DIVINE PREACHED
ON "AN AMPLE SUPPLY."

AN INTERESTING ADDRESS

His Text Was, "But My God Shall Supply All Your Needs."

Sunday Reverend Warner of the First M. E. church delivered an excellent sermon to his congregation taking for his title "An Ample Supply." His text is as found in Phil 4: "But my God shall supply all your needs." The sermon in part follows:

Scientists tell us that God is imminent in nature. Gibbon saw Him in the rise and fall of empires; Americans sing; "Our fathers' God to Three, Author of Liberty."

But to Paul, the great apostle, He was my God.

Man's Greatest Need.

The more we possess of God's spirit the purer and larger our lives become. God is the living ideal of all that is noblest and best. Winning we gain all of His gifts that make for our good. "The gift without the giver is bare." "To as many as received Him to them gave He power to become the sons of God and heirs to all His wealth." The possession of God is the supreme need of this day. The reality of the divine has faded from some minds. The intensity of our modern life and the era of destructive criticism have aided the attempt to bow God out of His world. Still there are times when we cannot let Him go.

Kipling's Testimony.

Four years ago this great author was very ill all the world anxiously awaited tidings from the sick room. One night when he seemed very near the great hereafter in his weakness, he faintly repeated the prayer of childhood, "Now I lay me down to sleep." The nurse seeing his lips move asked if he wished anything. He replied, "Yes; I want my heavenly Father. He alone can help me now."

The Search of the Ages.

The Psalmist thus expresses a racial longing when he says, "As the heart panteth for the water brooks so my soul thirsteth for Thee, O God." This universal soul thirst has prompted the worship of heathen lands through which men

"Cry like children in the night, Cry like children for the light With no other voice than a cry."

The hunger for the divine has often been offered the stone of superstition in place of the bread of truth, but the longing to find God grows with the years. Millions of harvest fields have grown golden that man's physical hunger might be filled; surely the wisdom that provides for the body will not deny the higher needs of the soul.

True there is fanaticism on the one side and selfish worldliness on the other. Dowle leads his infatuated followers to one extreme. Shylock his gold seekers to another. But between them, "Lo the Christ stands," the model man, "A brother to our sin and shame," eager to save us from their guile and power.

Manifestations of God.

To Paul, Christ appeared in a light above the brightness of the mid-day sun, but He has revealed Himself to no one else in just this manner. God is resourceful. He never repeats Himself. To Matthew He comes as the seeker of publicans and sinners; to James in the mystery of law; while to John He speaks in the "still small voice" of love. He who enters the consciousness of every penitent man with assurance of forgiveness and strength to reach the heights of manhood.

"Speak thou, for He hears, And spirit with spirit can meet; Closer is He than breathing, And nearer than hands and feet."

Teaches How to Use Money.

Money supplies a need but often it masters and rules men. Prompted by the unselfish of Christ the Philadelphians supported their own church and gave liberally to spread the gospel in the regions beyond. Christ teaches us how to master and use money. No lesson is more needed in this the wealthiest nation of the earth.

Need of Contentment.

Paul's God taught him in whatsoever state he was there with to be content. This divine contentment does not idly wait for something to turn up. Of Paul and his followers it was said, "They which have turned the world upside down have come hither also." This old hero was a prodigious worker. He did his best to accomplish his high purpose. The success varied, but however the battle of life went he was cheerfully content. One sunny morning a little girl was eating her breakfast when she shouted, "O, mamma, I have swallowed a ten-spoonful of sunshine." Let us all try this new breakfast food.

A Soldier's Optimism.

Paul's God gave him the faith that the long cruel night of paganism would fade before the rising dawn of Christian civilization. Paul's faith in Christ's redeeming power was great, but it did not reach the reality. The gospel has changed the bloody vikings into Shakespeare's Gladstones and Lincolns. The viking's maid who used to say to her lover, "You are a coward; you have not given human flesh to the vulture" for a fortnight. Go slay more men, then you can come and woo me," has become a Clara Barton, a Francis Willard or a Queen Victoria. Let us secure God as a personal possession and then all of our actual needs for time and eternity will be amply supplied.

Thought Beards Effeminate.

The ancient Romans considered it effeminate to wear beards. All their busts representing the famous men of olden times are without beards.

Memorial to Puglist.

A memorial has been erected at a cost of £130 in Toowomba cemetery, near Brisbane, Queensland, over the grave of Peter Jackson, the puglist.

SCORES OF THE BOWLING MATCH

Messrs. Higgins, Rohland, and Gibson Have Made the Best Records Thus Far in Contest.

The following is the score of the bowlers who have entered the competitive bowling match at Hockett's alleys:

Standing of Players		Per Total Aver.
Higgins	8	8
Hockett	15	13
Dowdell	10	12
Taylor	8	7
Hockett	18	10
Bicks	15	8
Golds	6	3
McDonald	9	4
Nolan	9	5
Sheldene	9	5
Newman	11	7
E. Baumann	16	6
G. Baumann	7	11
McCull	15	10
Gilt	12	8
Cole	12	9
Whitecomb	8	5
Lester	3	3

First high score, 235—G. Baumann. Second high score, 219—Zuhlsau.

An Animal Story For Little Folks

Ephraim and His Fish Bait

Ephraim Jones was a little black boy who loved to fish, but he was unable to catch any real large ones.

"I guess I need larger bait," said he one day, and straightway he set out to find it.

As he was going along he saw a great big snake stretched out on the ground, with only half of his body out of the hole which he made his home.

He CAUGHT WHAT HE THOUGHT WAS THE WORM.

"Where can I find a real large worm with which to bait my hook for big fish?" asked Ephraim.

"I ain't never a large worm," said the snake, winking his eye. "How would I do?"

"Oh, you are altogether too big," laughed the little black boy.

"Well, how will that fellow do?" asked the snake, pointing to what looked like a big worm sticking out of another hole near by.

"Oh," cried Ephraim with delight, "I had not seen him. He is just the right size."

Then he caught what he thought was the worm by the tail and tried to pull him out of the hole. But, pull as he might, he could not budge the creature.

"He is too strong for me," said Ephraim.

"Of course he is," answered the snake, "for that is my other end, and just because you have tried to run away with me for bait I am going to eat you!"

My, my! Little Eph was frightened, and he begged as hard as he could to be allowed to go home.

"Well," said the snake, "I am not very hungry, and you are not fat enough to make a real good meal of, anyway, so I will let you off."

"Thank you," replied Ephraim, "and I will never put worms on my hooks for fish bait again. I shall use dog-bait and grubs."

"Very well," laughed the snake. "Run along home now."

And Eph ran.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

BRIEFLETS

Anger is the thunder that sours the milk of human kindness.

Mules and men alike often make their kicks at the wrong time.

Persistent people begin their success where others end—in failure.

It is difficult to say who do us the most harm in life—enemies with the worst intentions, or friends with the best.

Vanity is that attribute which causes us to try to walk gracefully when we think some one is watching us, but nobody is.

It is useless to kick for a discount when called upon to pay the debt of nature.

Although the first indication of hasty on a young man's lip elevates him, in reality it is but a coming down.

Remarkable Telescope.

With a 13-inch parabolic reflector of only 20-inches focus Professor Schaeberle has obtained with less than five minutes' exposure images of stars which are apparently too faint to be seen in the great 36-inch telescope of the Lick Observatory. The little instrument also reveals, with a similarly short exposure, all the stars that the large Crossley reflector of three feet diameter is able to picture with an exposure of two hours.

Siberian Trains.

Siberian railway trains, under now schedule, cover the distance from Moscow to Port Arthur, 5,383 miles, in thirteen days, the fare, including sleeping, being \$134. The globe trotter can have a special train of three cars for \$1.00 a mile.

Discover Tin Oxide.

Volts of tin oxide have been discovered in the Transvaal which yield 67 per cent tin.

TOBACCO TALK FOR GROWERS

REPORTS FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY TOLD.

HOW THE CROPS MOVE

General Talk of the Outlook for the Coming Winter's Work.

The old leaf market is again in a slightly subdivided condition so far as local dealers are concerned, although the trade for Wisconsin leaf of the better grades is reported brisk in the eastern states. It is not thought that there will be an early buying movement until the crop comes down from the sheds and stripping started, trading can hardly begin.

Wisconsin Leaf Talks.

A Lancaster county man, who has spent the last six months among the tobacco plantations of Cuba, writes the following almost incredible facts says the Reporter. "For years and years they have raised seed from the second crop of suckers, as the first prime crop was too valuable to waste. This resulted in a great deterioration of the seed, and I wonder that they raise any tobacco at all. Plants command fabulous prices, and even then are hard to get. They tried to raise some here. They sowed ten pounds of seed on an acre, and did not get enough plants to set an acre of tobacco. Forty miles from this place a company has set seed bed of thirty acres."

Effects of Failure.

According to the United States Tobacco Journal, it is largely, a matter of conjecture in what way and to what extent the recent gigantic failure has effected both the trade and the market. The latter does not figure at all as a creditor. Whatever losses were incurred were occasioned either through the dependence of the chief firm or through a haphazard custom of the trade to leave goods purchased and settled for in the custody of the vendor. This custom, which has taken such deep root, solely as it appears on account of the saving of storage and insurance, has always been a more dangerous risk, as if no insurance whatsoever would be taken on any property. And the purchaser has been hard hit by it in former experience and yet no precaution seems to be taken against its repetition. All warlings against such repetition would therefore appear fruitless. People will trust others in whom they have confidence for the time being, and may exchange this feature in human nature.

Second Reason.

Another conjecture resultant upon the recent failure is the apprehension that banks might scrutinize closer tobacco papers and restrict to some extent the credit of the tobacco trade which has so long stood in the front rank of the most desirable bank discounts. But any action like that upon the part of the banks would be unjustified; for it is not actually the trade through which the banks have been taken in, but the methods of high financing, to which the banks should have been accustomed through Wall street operations. The tobacco market is and will remain as sound as ever, even if its soundness should be suspected once in a while on account of some unusual excess.

Capital and Labor.

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Naturalization Frauds.

The special investigation of the subject of naturalization under the direction of the attorney general and the consequent prosecutions reveal a condition of affairs calling for the immediate attention of the congress. Forgeries and perjuries of shameless and flagrant character have been perpetrated not only in the dense centers of population, but throughout the country, and some districts which need immigrants have none, and in others, where the population is already congested, immigrants come in such numbers as to depress the conditions of life for those already there. During the last two years the immigration service at New York has been greatly improved and the corruption and inefficiency which formerly obtained there have been eradicated. This service has just been investigated by a committee of New York citizens of high standing, Messrs. Arthur V. Briesen, Lee K. Frankel, Eugene A. Philbin, Thomas W. Hynes and Ralph Truman. Their report deals with the whole situation at length and concludes with certain recommendations for administrative and legislative action. It is now receiving the attention of the secretary of commerce and labor.

Quality of Naturalization.

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MEET DEPARTMENT.

Tender, appetizing, strength giving steaks, Porterhouse, 14c., Sirloin, 13c., Round, 11c. Porkchops, 10c. Sausages, 10c. Spare Ribs, 8c. Corn beef, 8c. Boiling meats, 5, 8, and 10c. Minced Ham, 15c. Boiled ham, 25c. Lamb, mutton and Veal. Fresh Liver Wednesday at 5c.

Canned Goods

Full line at right prices.

Very fine line

Breakfast Foods

Come in and see me.

GEO. F. CARLE.

7 North Main Street.

Old phone 368. New phone 268.

Flour \$1.15.

We guarantee every sack or money refunded.

20 lbs. H. E.

Granulated Sugar \$1.00

Fine Eating Potatoes in the

city, this

week

Pure Apple Cider

Early June Peas

Home grown hickory nuts.

NOLAN BROS.

CHAS. W. HALL, 31 SO. MAIN ST.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Washington, Dec. 7.—The president's message has been transmitted to Congress. Its principal features are

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued from Page 2.)
concern, by various means and by forgeries and perjuries thousands of acres of the public domain, embracing lands of different character and extending through various sections of the country, have been dishonestly acquired. It is hardly necessary to urge the importance of recovering these dishonest acquisitions, stolen from the people, and of promptly and duly punishing the offenders.

Through frauds, forgeries and perjuries and by shameless briberies the laws relating to the proper conduct of the public service in general and to the due administration of the postoffice department have been notoriously violated, and many indictments have been found, and the consequent prosecutions are in course of hearing or on the eve thereof. For the reasons thus indicated and so that the government may be prepared to enforce promptly and with the greatest effect the due penalties for such violations of law, and to this end may be furnished with sufficient instrumentalities and competent legal assistance for the investigations and trials which will be necessary at many different points of the country, I urge upon the congress the necessity of making the said appropriation available for immediate use for all such purposes, to be expended under the direction of the attorney general.

Need For Treaties Making Bribery Extraditable.

Steps have been taken by the state department looking to the making of bribery an extraditable offense with foreign powers. The need of more effective treaties covering this crime is manifest. The exposures and prosecutions of official corruption in St. Louis, Mo., and other cities and states have resulted in number of givers and takers of bribes becoming fugitives in foreign lands. Bribery has not been included in extradition treaties heretofore, as the necessity for it has not arisen. While there may have been as much official corruption in former years, there has been more developed and brought to light in the immediate past than in the preceding century of our country's history. It should be the policy of the United States to leave no place on earth where a corrupt man fleeing from this country can rest in peace.

Alaskan Boundary.

After unavailing attempts to reach an understanding on the Alaskan boundary question through a joint high commission, followed by prolonged negotiations, conducted in an amicable spirit, a convention between the United States and Great Britain was signed Jan. 24, 1903, providing for an examination of the subject by a mixed tribunal of six members, three on a side, with a view to its final disposition. Ratifications were exchanged on March 3 last, whereupon the two governments appointed their respective members. Those on behalf of the United States were Elihu Root, secretary of war; Henry Cabot Lodge, a senator of the United States, and George Turner, an ex-senator of the United States, while Great Britain named the Right Hon. Lord Alverstone, lord chief justice of England; Sir Louis Amable Jette, K. C. M. G., retired judge of the supreme court of Quebec, and A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., of Toronto. This tribunal met in London on Sept. 3 under the presidency of Lord Alverstone. On the 20th of October a majority of the tribunal reached and signed an agreement on all the questions submitted by the terms of the convention. By this award the right of the United States to the control of a continuous strip or border of the mainland shore, skirting all the tidewater inlets and sinuosities of the coast, is confirmed; the entrance to Portland canal, concerning which legitimate doubt appeared, is defined as passing by Tongass inlet and to the northwestern of Wales and Pearce islands; a line is drawn from the head of Portland canal to the fifty-sixth degree of north latitude, and the interior border line of the strip is fixed by lines connecting certain mountain summits lying between Portland canal and Mount St. Elias and running along the crest of the divide separating the coast slope from the inland watershed at the only part of the frontier where the drainage ridge approaches the coast within the distance of ten marine leagues, stipulated by the treaty as the extreme width of the strip around the heads of Lynn canal and its branches.

While the line so traced follows the provisional demarcation of 1873 at the crossing of the Stikine river and that of 1890 at the summits of the White and Chilkoot passes, it runs much farther inland from the Ketchikan than the temporary line of the later modus vivendi and leaves the entire inlying district of the Porcupine river and Glacier creek within the jurisdiction of the United States.

The president here recapitulates the details of the imbroglio between European powers and Venezuela and the reference of certain points of the controversy to The Hague tribunal through the influence of the United States. This he calls a victory for American diplomacy and a triumph for international arbitration. He advocates an extension of international law to exempt all private property at sea from capture of destruction by forces of belligerent powers.

International Arbitration.

Last year the interparliamentary union for international arbitration met at Vienna, 600 members of the different legislatures of civilized countries attending. It was provided that the next meeting should be in 1904 at St. Louis, subject to our congress extending an invitation. Like The Hague tribunal, this interparliamentary union is one of the forces tending toward peace among the nations of the earth, and it is entitled to our support. I trust the invitation can be extended.

Early in July, having received intelligence, which happily turned out to be erroneous, of the assassination of our vice consul at Beirut, I watched a

small squadron to that port for such service as might be found necessary on arrival. Although the attempt on the life of our vice consul had not been successful, yet the outrage was symptomatic of a state of excitement and disorder which demanded immediate attention. The arrival of the vessels had the happiest result. A feeling of security at once took the place of the former alarm and disquiet. Our officers were cordially welcomed by the consular body and the leading merchants, and ordinary business resumed its activity. The government of the sultan gave a considerate hearing to the representations of our minister: the official who was regarded as responsible for the disturbed condition of affairs was removed. Our relations with the Turkish government remain friendly. Our claims founded on inequitable treatment of some of our schools and missions appear to be in process of amicable adjustment.

Relations With China.

The signing of a new commercial treaty with China, which took place in Shanghai on the 5th of October, is a cause for satisfaction. This act, the result of long discussion and negotiation, places our commercial relations with the great oriental empire on a more satisfactory footing than they have ever heretofore enjoyed. It provides not only for the ordinary rights and privileges of diplomatic and consular officers, but also for an important extension of our commerce by increased facility of access to Chinese ports and for the relief of trade by the removal of some of the obstacles which have embarrassed it in the past.

Extension of Civil Service Rules.

During the year ended June 30 last 25,500 persons were appointed through competitive examinations under the civil service rules. This was 12,672 more than during the preceding year and 40 per cent of those who passed the examinations. This abnormal growth was largely occasioned by the extension of classification to the rural free delivery service, and the appointment last year of over 9,000 rural carriers. A revision of the civil service rules took effect on April 15 last, which has greatly improved their operation. The completion of the reform of the civil service is recognized by good citizens everywhere as a matter of the highest public importance, and the success of the merit system largely depends upon the effectiveness of the rules and the machinery provided for their enforcement. A very gratifying spirit of friendly co-operation exists in all the departments of the government in the enforcement and uniform observance of both the letter and spirit of the civil service act.

The Army and Navy.

The effect of the laws providing a general staff for the army and for the more effective use of the national guard has been excellent. Great improvement has been made in the efficiency of our army in recent years. Such schools as those erected at Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley and the institution of full maneuver work accomplish satisfactory results. The good effect of these maneuvers upon the national guard is marked, and ample appropriation should be made to enable the guardians of the several states to share in the benefit. The government should as soon as possible secure suitable permanent camp sites for military maneuvers in the various sections of the country.

Development of Alaska.

I call your special attention to the territory of Alaska. The country is developing rapidly, and it has an assured future. The mineral wealth is great and has as yet hardly been tapped. The fisheries, if wisely handled and kept under national control, will be a business as permanent as any other and of the utmost importance to the people. The forests, if properly guarded, will form another great source of wealth. Portions of Alaska are fitted for farming and stock raising, although the methods must be adapted to the peculiar conditions of the country. Proper land laws should be enacted and the survey of the public lands immediately begun. Coal land laws should be provided whereby the coal land entryman may make his location and secure patent under methods kindred to those now prescribed for homestead and mineral entrymen. Salmon hatcheries, exclusively under government control, should be established. The cable should be extended from Sitka westward. Wagon roads and trails should be built and the building of railroads promoted in all legitimate ways. Lighthouses should be built along the coast. Attention should be paid to the needs of the Alaska Indians. Provision should be made for an officer, with deputies, to study their needs, relieve their immediate wants and help them adapt themselves to the new conditions.

Isthmian Canal.

By the act of June 28, 1902, the congress authorized the president to enter into a treaty with Colombia for the building of the canal across the isthmus of Panama, it being provided that in the event of failure to secure such a treaty after the lapse of a reasonable time recourse should be had to building a canal through Nicaragua. It has not been necessary to consider this alternative, as I am enabled to lay before the senate a treaty providing for the building of the canal across the isthmus of Panama. This was the route which commanded itself to the deliberate judgment of the congress, and we can now acquire by treaty the right to construct the canal over this route. The question now, therefore, is not by which route the Isthmian canal shall be built, for that question has been definitely and irrevocably decided. The question is simply whether or not we shall have an Isthmian canal.

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achieved.

For 400 years, ever since shortly after the discovery of this hemisphere, the canal across the isthmus has been planned. For two score years it has been worked at. When made it is to last for the ages. It is to alter the geography of a continent and the trade routes of the world. We have shown, by every treaty we have negotiated or attempted to negotiate with the peoples in control of the isthmus and with foreign nations in reference thereto our consistent good faith in observing our obligations, on the one hand to the peoples of the isthmus and on the other hand to the civilized world, whose commercial rights we are safeguarding and guaranteeing by our action. We have done our duty to others in letter and in spirit, and we have shown the utmost

forbearance in exacting our own rights. **Reputation of Treaty by Colombia.**

Last spring a treaty concluded between the representatives of the republic of Colombia and of our government was ratified by the senate. This treaty was entered into at the urgent solicitation of the people of Colombia and after a body of experts appointed by our government especially to go into the matter of the routes across the isthmus had pronounced unanimously in favor of the Panama route. In drawing up this treaty every concession was made to the people and to the government of Colombia. We were more than just in dealing with them. Our generosity was such as to make it a serious question whether we had not gone too far in their interest at the expense of our own, for in our scrupulous desire to pay all possible heed not merely to the real but even to the fancied rights of our weaker neighbor, who already owed so much to our protection and forbearance, we yielded in all possible ways to her desires in drawing up the treaty. Nevertheless the government of Colombia not merely repudiated the treaty, but repudiated it in such manner as to make it evident by the time the Colombian congress adjourned that not the scantiest hope remained of ever getting a satisfactory treaty from them.

Revolution in Panama.

The people of Panama had long been discontented with the republic of Colombia, and they had been kept quiet only by the prospect of the conclusion of the canal treaty, which was to them a matter of vital concern. When it became evident that the treaty was hopelessly lost the people of Panama rose literally as one man. Not a shot was fired by a single man on the isthmus in the interest of the Colombian government. Not a life was lost in the accomplishment of the revolution. The Colombian troops stationed on the isthmus, who had long been unpaid, made common cause with the people of Panama, and with astonishing unanimity the new republic was started. The duty of the United States in the premises was clear. In strict accordance with the principles laid down by Secretaries Cass and Seward, the United States gave notice that it would permit the landing of no expeditionary force, the arrival of which would mean chaos and destruction along the line of the railroad and of the proposed canal and an interruption of transit as an inevitable consequence. The de facto government of Panama was recognized.

Under such circumstances the government of the United States would have been guilty of folly and weakness, amounting in their sum to a crime against the nation, had it acted otherwise than it did when the revolution of Nov. 3 last took place in Panama. This great enterprise of building the interoceanic canal cannot be held up to gratify the whims or out of respect to the governmental impotence or to the even more sinister and evil political peculiarities of people who, though they dwell afar off, yet, against the wish of the actual dwellers on the isthmus, assert an unfeared supremacy over the territory. The possession of a territory fraught with such peculiar anomalies as the isthmus in question carries with it obligations to mankind. The course of events has shown that this canal cannot be built by private enterprise or by any other nation than our own; therefore it must be built by the United States.

I heartily congratulate the congress upon the steady progress in building up the American navy. We cannot afford a let-up in this great work. To stand still means to go back. There should be no cessation in adding to the effective units of the fighting strength of the fleet. Meanwhile the navy department and the officers of the navy are doing well their part by providing constant service at sea under conditions akin to those of actual warfare. Our officers and enlisted men are learning to handle the battleships, cruisers and torpedo boats with high efficiency. In fleet and squadron formations, and the standard of marksmanship is being steadily raised. The best work ashore is indispensable, but the highest duty of a naval officer is to exercise command at sea. It is eminently desirable that a naval general staff should be established.

New Treaty With Panama.

Every effort has been made by the government of the United States to persuade Colombia to follow a course which was essentially not only to our interests and to the interests of the world, but to the interests of Colombia itself. These efforts have failed, and Colombia, by her persistence in repudiating the advances that have been made, has forced us for the sake of our own honor and of the interest and well-being not merely of our own people, but of the people of the isthmus of Panama and the people of the civilized countries of the world, to take decisive steps to bring to an end a condition of affairs which had become intolerable. The new republic of Panama immediately offered to negotiate a treaty with us. This treaty I herewith submit. By our interests are better safeguarded than in the treaty with Colombia which was ratified by the senate at its last session. It is better in its terms than the treaties offered to us by the republics of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. At last the right to begin this great undertaking is made available. Panama has done her part. All that remains is for the American congress to do its part, and forthwith this republic will enter upon the execution of a project colossal in its size and of well nigh incalculable possibilities for the good of this country and the nations of mankind.

The Philippines and Porto Rico.

Of our insular possessions, the Philippines and Porto Rico, it is gratifying to say that their steady progress has been such as to make it unnecessary to spend much time in discussing them. Yet the congress should ever keep in mind that a peculiar obligation rests upon us to further in every way the welfare of these communities. The Philippines should be knit closer to us by tariff arrangements. It would, of course, be impossible suddenly to raise the people of the islands to the high pitch of industrial prosperity and of governmental efficiency to which they will in the end by degrees attain, and the caution and moderation shown in developing them have been among the main reasons why this development has hitherto gone on so smoothly. Scrupulous care has been taken in the choice of governmental agents and the entire elimination of partisan politics from the public service. The condition of the islanders is in material things far better than ever before, while their governmental, intellectual and moral advance has kept pace with their material advance. No one people ever benefited another people more than we have benefited the Filipinos by taking possession of the islands.

Preservation of Forests.

The work of reclamation of the arid lands of the west is progressing steadily and satisfactorily under the terms of the law setting aside the proceeds from the disposal of public lands.

The study of the opportunities of reclamation of the vast extent of arid lands shows that whether this reclamation is done by individuals, corporations or the state, the sources of water supply must be effectively protected and the reservoirs guarded by the pres-

ervation of the forests at the headwaters of the streams. The necessity for perpetuating our forest resources, whether in public or private hands, is recognized now as never before. It is recommended that all matters pertaining to forest reserves, except those involving to forest preserves, be left to the sole discretion of the secretary of agriculture.

The cotton growing states have recently been invaded by a weevil which has done much damage and threatens the entire cotton industry. It is suggested to the congress the prompt enactment of such remedial legislation as its judgment may approve.

No other class of our citizens deserves so well of the nation as those to whom the nation owes its very being, the veterans of the civil war. Special attention is asked to the excellent work of the pension bureau in expediting and disposing of pension claims. During the fiscal year ending July 1, 1903, the bureau settled 251,052 claims, an average of \$25 claims for each working day of the year. The number of settlements since July 1, 1903, has been in excess of last year's average, approaching 1,000 claims for each working day, and it is believed that the work of the bureau will be current at the close of the present fiscal year.

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SOFTNESS OF SEALSKIN.

Rivaled by Human Hair Where Dandruff is Eradicated.

Sealskin is admired the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radical cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a pestiferous parasite that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Newbro's Herpeticide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff there is no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Sealing the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women own their beautiful suits of hair to Newbro's Herpeticide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 3c, in stamps to The Herpeticide Co., Detroit, Mich.

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GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

"PRESIDENTIAL POWERS". PARALYZED.

Spanish-American statesmanship has always been prolific in manifestations—not frequently eloquent grandiose, and sometimes really inspiring in their voicings of patriotic sentiment and noble, unselfish ambition. But the limited amount of performances which has usually followed the issue of these highly dramatic creeds of promise, and the case with which the statesman has made his descent from an exalted to an insignificant stand, long ago taught an amused world to wait awhile before attaching undue importance to any of these picturesque utterances. The Pioneer Press, nobody was especially alarmed, then, when a few days ago Gen. Rafael Reyes sounded forth the declaration that Colombia was ready with 500,000 soldiers to defend the integrity of the already disputed territory, and that he would lead 100,000 of these to reduce the upstart republic of Panama again to its proper place as a province of Colombia. As little will surprise be, fact that this declaration has already been followed by another, addressed to all the South American powers, wherein the same redoubtable Reyes while claiming to have sufficient forces on the Colombian coasts of both oceans to quell the revolution in Panama, bitterly complains that though "invested with presidential powers," he finds his action "completely paralyzed" by the presence of American squadrons on both sides of the isthmus, whose commanders have told him that "the American government would not permit the disembarkment of the Colombian forces on the territory of Panama." He deems the course of our government to establish a precedent of dire import to other South American countries, and so he telegraphs the government of each to order its representatives at Washington to confer with him "to arrange this delicate question."

Quite probably, however, the irate Rafael will find the paralyzing influences of which he complains just as effective against his diplomatic as against his military movements. Even "presidential powers" have their limitations in the presence of such facts as that the recent proceedings in Panama are seen by the South American nations to be in line with their own material interests, bound up in the completion of the canal, and that the further obstruction of Colombia in Isthmian affairs is from the view point of the world at large, wholly undesirable. It is a pity that such an array of "presidential powers" should go to waste. Clothed in these, Gen. Rafael Reyes has doubtless seemed himself a particularly gorgeous individual. But just as

Full many a flower is born to blush unseen.
And waste its sweetness on the desert air,

so is the gorgeness and sweetness of the Colombian envoy destined to waste itself on the cold, still atmosphere of international indifference.

NO CUBAN ANNEXATION.

There is no other chapter in American history which is more creditable to this country than that relating to our Cuban policy. We have not only freed Cuba from her domination to Spain, we have not only in large measure reformed conditions of administration on the Island, we have not only established there an independent government of her own which is meeting with success that seems likely to endure, we have not only safeguarded her against foreign aggression and freed her from the necessity of maintaining and expensive army and navy for defense, but we are now about to enact a law and ratify a treaty of reciprocity for the inhabitants of the Island.

It is not likely that this splendid

chapter of our history will be concluded by any such act on our part as forcible occupation or annexation of the Island. It is possible that at some time in the future Cuba may, of her own accord, ask to be taken into the American brotherhood of states, but if that comes to pass, it must be an act of her own initiative and not an act of ours. The resolution which has been presented in the United States senate, therefore, inviting Cuba to enter our union as a state is not at all likely to pass. While it would somely invite Cuba to become a member of the union, its passage would undoubtedly be regarded in Cuba as a notice that the invitation must be complied with. It would practically amount to coercion.

It is highly important that the Central and South American and Caribbean republics should have the utmost confidence in the integrity of the intentions of this country towards them. While they are protected by the outspread wing of the American Monroe Doctrine, which is sustained by the power of the wealth and the military establishment of the United States, not all of the South American states are in full harmony of sentiment towards us. Still, for instance, since the dispute which we had with her during the administration of President Harrison has had a popular produce and dislike of the United States and of course our policy in regard to the Panama revolution and our quick though just recognition to the new Panama republic has given mortal offence to Colombia. Naturally Colombia is trying to obtain support and sympathy in South and Central America by making it appear that they are in danger from territorial aggression on the part of the United States. The debate in the senate on this Newlands resolution proposing the annexation of Cuba may serve the useful purpose of freeing the minds of the citizens of South America of any suspicion that this country intends to play the part of a monumental land "grabber." Indeed, advice from Washington indicate that the debate on the new revolution has been precipitated largely for the purpose of assuring the world of our pacific intentions towards the countries on the south of us and that we do not intend to acquire any territory against their opposition.

The United States does not need Cuba and it would be unwise for her to absorb any republic in Central or South America. Our position as a sort of protecting older brother in the family of North and South American states is a sufficiently important one for us, and while it relieves us of responsibility for the local affairs of these countries, all of which speak a different language and pursue, in a large measure, different customs, than we do, it gives us nearly all of the importance and power which would accrue from actual sovereignty over the entire territory. The United States will continue for all time the dominating nation on the western continent and that is sufficient glory to satisfy her political ambition and business enterprise.

Now that Senator Platt has informed the New York republican leaders that they are enthusiastically and unwaveringly committed to the support of Roosevelt the only contingency the president has to guard against is the possibility that Mr. Platt may change his mind.

If President Roosevelt's democratic critics think they can say any secret things about the post office frauds than he has said they have his permission to try.

ever, should be careful or he will be confessing to some of the crimes that at the car barn murderers already have owned up to.

It may or may not add to Mr. Bryan's pleasure to reflect that the last distinguished American to receive similar honors in England was J. Pierpont Morgan.

It begins to look as though Mr. Bryan would be an exceptionally popular presidential candidate—in England.

It might not do any harm to turn Mr. Bristol loose. In some of the other departments of the government service,

Secretary Hay has decided to recognize King Peter, though he will by no means greet him as a long lost brother.

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Chicago's live stock show appears to have several horse shows laid in the shade.

Pittsburg is threatened with a car strike. Pittsburg can have it. We are not jealous.

Kaiser Wilhelm is getting better so rapidly that a consultation of physicians has been held on his case.

Japan will have to break itself of the habit of declaring war on Russia every morning before breakfast or it will get into trouble.

Grand Rapids, according to Lant

K. Sallbury, was not in a position where the St. Louis boddle experts could give it any points.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

There is no godliness without manliness.

That cannot be manly which is not moral.

The bible promises no loaves to the loafer.

He who would be a leader must go before.

Slander is always most dirty at the handle.

Self-love is not the same as self-respect.

Clean work cannot be done with dirty tools.

Only an enemy will judge a man by his failures.

The man without reverence cannot win respect.

A man's virtue does not depend on his vocabulary.

There is nothing more slippery than a smooth smile.

The Father of Mercies likes to see mercy in his children.

A demonstration of religion is better than any definition.

There is no pedestal that suits the devil better than a pulpit.

There are many churches in which the preacher is only a gas fixture.

You cannot glean in the fields of sin without picking up the burs of sorrow.

No man ever yet went out looking for misery who came home without it.

Leading one man may be a much greater thing than leading a big meeting.

It takes a man a long time to realize that God is not waiting for his advice.

A man believes in the ultimate good of all things until some one steals his chickens.—Chicago Tribune.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

When men have a patent on a creed it is always one of their own invention.—Ram's Horn.

The Rev. Joseph Mangin of Lowell, Mass., has just celebrated his half century as a priest of the local provincial of the Oblate order.

The Rev. Francis Bloodgood Hall, for thirty-nine years pastor of the Porstrom Presbyterian church of Pittsburg, N. Y., is dead at the age of 76.

Bishop Gore of Worcester, Mass., sees no serious Christian argument against cremation, and from a sanitary point of view it has enormous advantages.

The Rev. W. F. Gannon, S. J., the newly elected president of Boston college, was tendered a reception at the Parker house by the Alumni association of the institution a few days ago.

The deaconess orphanage at Lake Bluff, Ill., recently opened a fifth cottage, which is now occupied by the elderly girls, and the cottage formerly occupied by them is transformed into a hospital.

The volunteer band for foreign missions at the Chicago Training school has lately received beautiful gifts of curios from India and from Mexico, which were sent by former students for the "missionary room."

Julian N. Buck, the youngest son of "Bushkin Charlie," was chief of the southern Utes, has been ordained a minister of the Presbyterian church in Denver. He is 29 years old, well educated, and will work among his own people.

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"Little, But Oh My!"

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"E. B." "M. J. C."

WANTED, at once—Job printer at Gazette.

WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Mrs. R. J. Hart, No. 2 Caroline St.

WANTED—Boy 15 to 17 years of age, not afraid of work, to learn printing trade. Apply at once to Gazette, Printing Department, second floor.

WANTED—Man to cut cord wood. Inquiry of P. C. Jenkins, 204 Marion Avenue.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 10 Wisconsin street.

WANTED—Competent girl for general house work. Good wages. Mrs. Klemow, corner Gun and Wheeler Sts.

WANTED, by a strictly first class teacher—Pupils for piano. Address "H. T." Gazette.

WANTED—To buy, light road team, weight about 150 to 200 pounds. G. B. Randall, Magnolia Ave., Janesville.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two good new pitch bows, Enquire of T. Sager, Jamesville Machine Co.

FOR SALE—First class buffalo robe. Enquire at this office.

FOR SALE—55 acre farm, with house, barn, granary, corncrib, tool house, nice orchard small fruit, some timber. Terms, \$1 cash balance, long time, 10 per cent. G. W. Thibault, Milton, Wis.

FOR SALE—A few extra heavy Spaulding awnings, to close out at cost. Lewis Knitting Co., South Main St.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, single or in suites, with or without board. 3 East street, Mrs. Julia Myers.

FOR RENT—House 110 N. Academy St., in good condition. Enquire of S. Trulson, 151 Washington St.

FOR RENT—5-room house in good repair, corner Easton and Jerome Aves. Enquire of G. L. Linn, 151 Lyon St.

FOR RENT—9-room house at 209 South Bluff street. Old telephone No. 125.

MISCELLANEOUS

WISCONSIN Land is safe property to buy. It is low now, and absolutely sure to go up. Call on me for information.

FOR SALE—Finest and cheapest property in the city for church or flats, opposite First Presbyterian Church and City Hall. D. Conger.

FOR SALE—Household goods; bedroom sets, tables, piano, stoves, also horse, stable, plows, chickens, set of quarry tools. Must be sold within ten days. Wm. R. Duke, West Pleasant street.

FOR SALE—Farms of all sizes, business blocks, houses and lots. Apply to F. L. Stevens, Phoebe Block.

MAN with references, for commercial travel, to call on merchants and agents; experience not required; salary \$24 per week with expenses advanced. National, 320 Dearborn St., Chicago.

WANTED—An agent to sell books for a reliable company, in residential sections. Address Dr. P. L. Tolson, 77 N. 45th Ave., Chicago.

LOST—Small white poodle, has curly hair, and an arrow to name of "Bowler." Return to Hotel Cormorant.

PARE Harness in new furniture. Four elegant quarter-sawn oak sideboards, from the maker's hands. Inquire of S. B. Rivers.

THIS ideal holiday present—a Brandt mandolin. Buy now, and pay at your convenience. Special discount to teachers. A. V. Lytle, sole agent, Janesville and Beloit.

PERSONS to manage district office for commercial house; experience unnecessary; salary \$1 paid weekly; all expenses advanced; Comptel Co., Chicago.

Land Values Increase.

The value of land on Manhattan Island has increased considerably in the last five years, and the cost of building has also increased.</p

SEWER REPORT READY TONIGHT

COUNCIL TO CONSIDER THIS AND OTHER IMPORTANT MATTERS.

MASS MEETING OF CITIZENS

To Consider Feasibility of Adopting Voting Machines, Will Be Held at City Hall at Seven O'clock.

Preceding the regular meeting of the city council this evening, business men of Janesville will assemble at the city hall to inspect a new voting machine which Mr. Hamilton, representing the manufacturers, will have on exhibition. The feasibility of adopting such machines here will be considered and it is not improbable that some resolutions will be introduced at the succeeding council meeting with this end in view.

The Sewerage Question

The special committee appointed to prepare the preliminary plans and specifications for a public sewerage system in Janesville will give its report tonight and this project is certain to be one of absorbing interest from now on. It is to be the first and most important of next year's movements. The plans prepared by City Eng. Kerch for a system about five miles in total length, this system in all of its ramifications is designed with one leading purpose in view, i.e., the construction at some time within the next decade of two so-called "intercepting sewer" on either side and parallel to the river that shall constitute trunk lines carrying sewage to a point below the lower dam.

Expect Opposition

In the meantime, if the contemplated system is established, there will be more sewage entering the river within the corporate limits of the city. This cannot be avoided owing to the fact that the use of numerous cesspools will be discontinued. The council expects objections to arise on both this score and the large expense involved. We approach the subject with no relish, said Mayor Wilson this morning. Much that is disagreeable is certain to arise, but we feel that no more permanent street improvements can be made until the sewers are laid. Janesville is fifty years old and is practically without a sewerage system. This matter is a vital one.

Some of the Streets

In cases where the private sewers can be incorporated in the public system, it will be done with no expense to the owner of the abutting property. Other improvements contingent on the construction of the sewers which are contemplated for next year brick pavements on Main street from a point below the library to Milwaukee street and on Milwaukee street from the Myers House to a point beyond Bluff street.

Some Other Matters

Besides the sewerage question several other matters of interest will come up before the city fathers this evening. Dr. Mills will recommend the extension of the garbage dump at the foot of Main street, complaints having been made that garbage is now being dumped too near the road. George Scrivens will notify the council of the injuries sustained by him on November 26 by falling down a stairway in front of the Parker Pen Co.'s building.

CRUEL DEATH IN THE DARKNESS

Overlook Good Old "Peg" Connors, Returning to Little Shanty by St. Paul Round House Saturday Night.

A terrible death overtook the lonely old lady, known to the railroad men of two generations as "Peg" Connors, as she was walking on the tracks in the St. Paul yards between five and six o'clock Saturday evening. She was picking up coal along the rails when a locomotive, backing out from the round-house to be coupled with the G-65 train for Rockford, ran her down in the darkness. The wheels passed over both of her limbs, crushing them below the knees. The engineer heard no sound but felt the jar and immediately stopped the locomotive. Kindly hands carried the mangled form to the round-house and a physician and a Catholic priest were summoned. Mrs. Connors lived forty-three minutes and Father James McGinnity arrived a few moments before she expired.

An Interesting Character

Mrs. Connors was nearly 80 years old and had lived in the tumble-down shanty, a few yards from the St. Paul roundhouse, for half a century. She came to this country from Ireland and her husband served in the Civil war. He died many years ago. Five children survive her. They are: John and Cornelius, who are railroad men in Chicago; Michael, Tom, and Mrs. Maggie Miller of this city. Cornelius, who is a yardmaster in Chicago, attempted to persuade her to make her home with him at the time of the World's Fair, but to no avail.

Customary Wake Held

She was greatly respected by all the railroad men and thoughtful friends of the coal trains passing by frequently tossed several pieces into her dooryard—the swamp. The remains were taken to Ryan's undertaking rooms to be prepared for burial. A wake was held over the body last evening at the home of John Callahan whose sister married Cornelius Connors. The funeral will be held from St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. Fr. James McGinnity officiating.

Christ Church Sale

The annual sale of Christ Church Guild will be held in the parish house on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday, Dec. 9th. Sale opens at 1:30 p.m. Supper from 5:30 to 7:30 p.m.

Elks to Initiate: The Janesville Lodge of Elks will hold a regular meeting and initiate two candidates Tuesday evening.

JOHN EHLE DIED SUNDAY MORNING

He Was Taken Ill Saturday, While at Lake Koshkonong—Was Well Known Here.

John D. Ehle, who is well known in Janesville and throughout Rock county, died suddenly Sunday morning at the residence of his brother-in-law, Millard F. Ide, at 127 Glen St. Mr. Ehle had come from Lake Koshkonong on Saturday and complained of feeling badly, having for many years been subject to heart trouble. The sudden demise comes as a shock to his many friends who greeted him a week ago on his return from a month's visit in California. Mr. Ehle was born in Troy, New York, in 1840. He has for many years been a resident of Janesville, and has had a cottage at Lake Koshkonong where he has spent most of his time, making his home when in Janesville with Mr. Ide. He leaves to mourn his loss three sons, Edward of Chicago, William of Menominee, Michigan, and Everett of San Francisco, Cal., and a sister, Mrs. Millard Ide. The funeral will be held on Tuesday at 2 p.m. from the Ide home on Glen street.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Talk to Lowell. New ideas in handkerchiefs for pillow tops. Archie Reid & Co.

Unique Club Meeting: The regular monthly meeting of the Unique club will be held at the club-rooms this evening.

Twenty-five elegant sample cloaks at from \$10 to \$15. Archie Reid & Co.

Surprise Party: A number of young friends of Clara and Minnie Moss participated in a surprise party at their home on McKee boulevard last evening.

Cloak Stock is as complete as in early part of season. Prices, one-third less. T. P. Burns.

Delightful Music: Prof. Laverne Brooks sang a fine solo at the First M. E. church yesterday. In the evening Prof. Lake and his excellent orchestra rendered two selections which were greatly enjoyed by a large audience.

The Woman's Exchange will open at 9:00 a.m. Wednesday at Myers' office, 16c dinner served at noon. See the dainty baby records at this sale.

Regular meeting of Janesville Assembly, No. 171, E. F. U. this evening. All members requested to be present. Election of officers.

Millie Roessling of the Janesville Pearl Button Co. left this morning for Richmond, Virginia, and other points in the east. He expects to be absent about one month.

The King's Daughters of the Baptist church will hold an apron sale in the church parlors Wednesday, December 9th, beginning at two o'clock.

Scripture cake in Frank Kimball's window Tuesday. Will be sold at W. C. T. U. bazaar.

Sample line of fur scarfs at one-third less than regular prices. T. P. Burns.

Is any old thing good enough for you? Well, we should say not. Is the very best too good? Step into F. C. Cook & Co.'s and read the answer in the cases and shelves full of new and snappy goods—pretty little fads of fancy.

Ladies' choice at the Palace Rink tomorrow night.

Regular meeting of R. R. Hive, No. 71, D. O. T. meets Monday evening at 7:30 a.m. at East Side Odd Fellows' hall. Every member is requested to be present as important business will come before the Hive. Also election of officers will take place. Anna Klenow, R. K.

Having leased the store at the corner of Glen and Caroline Sts., I shall be ready for business with a new stock of groceries, clean and fresh, Wednesday morning, Dec. 9. Jas. R. Sheldon.

Regular meeting of the W. R. C. Tuesday afternoon. Election of officers, will take place.

ELECT OFFICERS FOR COMING YEAR

Catholic Knights Held Their Annual Election on Sunday Afternoon.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Catholic Knights of Wisconsin Branch No. 60, held at 2:30 o'clock Sunday, the following officers were elected for the coming year: President, Chas. Viney, Sr.; vice president, W. T. Dooley; recording secretary, P. Kavanagh; treasurer, B. F. Nelson; trustee for three years, J. V. Kelly; sentinel, James Bennett; delegate to state convention, Fred J. Viney; alternate, John E. Kennedy.

Masquerade Ball: The fourth annual masquerade ball of the Painters' union, No. 177, will be held at Assembly hall on Tuesday, December 8. Great preparations are being made for the event. Many visitors from without the city are expected.

Marriage License: A marriage license was issued today to Thomas Conroy of Beloit and Miss Gertie Thomas of Milton.

Taken Violently Ill: Charles Canfield was taken violently ill at the Art Study company where he is employed this morning and Dr. Pembeier was called to attend him. Canfield lays his illness to eating of canned goods and it is said he is suffering from ptomaine poisoning. He was removed to his home, 162 East Milwaukee street, in Russell's ambulance, this afternoon.

Stroke of Paralysis: John Cunningham, father of J. Cunningham of this city, suffered a partial stroke of paralysis at his home in the town of Harmony last Wednesday. He is seventy-five years old. Dr. Mills who is attending him said that there was not much change in his condition today.

Baby Boy: Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Silburn of Emerald Grove are the happy parents of a baby boy who arrived yesterday.

NEIGHBORHOOD IS VERY ATTENTIVE

TO ALL MOVEMENTS NEAR BLUHM'S SPRING BROOK HOME.

SABBATH FOR TWO MEN

Tom Joyce Remained at Home; the Chief Witness Against Him Hunted Rabbits in Miltimore's Quarry.

Saturday night and all day Sunday friends of Thomas Joyce and his parents called at the home on Eastern avenue to extend congratulations on the happy outcome of the trial. Ernest Blum, whose residence is within a stone's throw of the Joyce homestead spent the forenoon yesterday hunting rabbits in the vicinity of Miltimore's quarry, and succeeded in bagging four.

Neighborhood Attentive

When a reporter called at the Blum residence there was no response to the first raps on the door but footsteps could be heard within and the curtains were drawn aside from one of the windows. A few seconds, perhaps a minute had elapsed, when a lady came out on the porch of the residence of Peter Graff across the street.

"There is no one home," said she. "But I hear footsteps."

"That's the dog," (his somewhat impatiently.) William Allbright came out a few moments later. He said that Mr. Blum and his wife were spending the afternoon with a neighbor.

Not to Leave Home

He also said that he had heard rumors about Ernest's leaving the city but that there was nothing in them, unless he had gone since 3 o'clock that afternoon. The rumors were first started Saturday night, despite the fact that Mr. Blum was on the streets downtown that evening. Mr. Allbright did not believe that he had any intention of going away. Why should he?

MAN AND HORSE PURSUED MAD DOG

Exciting Chase on Washington Street

Witnessed by Several Spectators

Saturday—Canine Killed.

A man with a shotgun driving down Washington street at a swift clip in pursuit of a mad dog caused a sensation in that ordinarily quiet district Saturday. The man was Charles Seitz who resides on the Mole farm near the cemetery. While he was at work near the house a strange canine showing all the symptoms of the rabies entered his yard, bit his watch-dog, and ran down the road. Mr. Seitz hitched up his horse and followed. The animal was overtaken and killed on Madison street. As luck would have it there were few pedestrians on the highway at the time and fortunately no one was bitten.

TO WHITE NAGS A WIDE BIRTH!

After Conversing Saturday with the Driver of a Blonda Steed, B. C. Snyder Missed Valuable Package.

B. C. Snyder of Footville will give white horses, a wide birth hereafter.

The red-headed girl superstition is not what is worrying him, either. As he tied his team on the Corn Exchange square Saturday afternoon a stranger sitting behind a milk-white steed drove up and asked Mr. Snyder several questions. The latter after the conversation was finished, went into a store leaving a bundle of clothing and other purchases in the wagon. When he came out the bundle had disappeared. Officer Bencke was notified of the theft by telephone Saturday evening.

Crystal Camp: Regular meeting of Crystal Camp, No. 132, R. N. or A. Officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

A Special Meeting: The Knights of the Maccabees will hold their annual election of officers this evening after which a banquet will be held. All Knights are requested to be present.

Meet Next Sunday: The meeting of the Young Ladies' Society of St. Mary's church to be held yesterday afternoon, was postponed until next Sunday.

Rockford Man Killed: August Knuven of Rockford was run down and instantly killed near the Rockford Furniture company's factory by an "interurb" car leaving that city at five o'clock Saturday afternoon. He leaves a wife and four children. The officials claim that he was under the influence of liquor and had stepped off the tracks and then moved backward onto them again when the car struck him. Attorney Nolan was immediately called to the scene by the Interurban Co.

Franchise Not Up: The proposed electric car franchise will not come up for consideration at the meeting of the council tonight the necessary time not having elapsed.

Valuable Necklace: Mrs. C. M. Fleck of this city is the proud possessor of an amber necklace the gift of Cardinal Gibbons. The necklace contains about eighty beads and has a pendant attached in the form of a cross with silver mountings. The beads which make up the necklace were made in the Vatican.

After spending six weeks at Mercy hospital, Chicago, succeeding a successful operation, Maurice Reed has returned to his home in this city.

Mrs. P. W. Ryan and brother, John H. Murphy of Footville, are visiting with relatives and friends in Minneapolis.

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Pleasant Surprise: About thirty of the W. R. C. ladies pleasantly surprised one of their members, Mrs. Charles Spener, at her South Main street home. Saturday afternoon. Although the guests were uninvited they were none the less welcome and were most royally entertained. The ladies came laden with good things to eat and a most delicious supper was served. Mrs. Spener was presented with a china salad bowl as a token of esteem.

Fourth Warders Win: The Fourth Ward polo team defeated the Fifth Ward players on the ice at Monterey near the Big Rock, and was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The Fourth Ward boys whistled the Fox Hunt song in the near future.

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Baby Boy: Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Silburn of Emerald Grove are the happy parents of a baby boy who arrived yesterday.

On the Second Floor

Undressed Kid Dolls

25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.25.

Undressed Kid Sleepers

50c, 65c, \$1, 1.25, and \$1.65

Undressed Kid Jointed Dolls

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25

and \$2.

Dressed Dolls

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50

\$1.65, \$2, \$2.50 and \$2.75

Rag Dolls

5c, 10c and 15c.

Heads and Body's with cut heads.

On the Second Floor

THE FAIR

SAD SCENE AT THE CROAK HOME

Miss Nellie Croak Died on Sunday—Her Father Passed Away on Friday Last.

The Croak homestead near Oak Hill cemetery on North Hamilton Ave., is doubly afflicted by the angel of death having claimed two of their number. Last Friday the father, an old and respected pioneer of this city, was summoned to his heavenly home, Sunday evening at 11:50 o'clock a daughter, Miss Nellie Croak, age 34 years, passed peacefully into the sleep that knows no awakening. She was a young lady who was held in the highest esteem and beloved by her neighbors and friends.

The cause of her untimely death was lung trouble of which

COUNTY NEWS

EAST PORTER
Porter, Dec. 3.—The weather though somewhat cold for this time of the year, is very pleasant.

Frank Walker, Jr., is breaking his cold, which he purchased recently.

Aaron Wallin returned from the northern woods last Tuesday bringing with him some very fine young deer.

An oyster supper was held at the Stebbinsville church last Monday night.

Claro Boothroyd was home to spend Thanksgiving with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thomas spent Thanksgiving in Janesville.

The schools around here prepared very fine programs for Thanksgiving.

Most of the turkeys around here have been sold to Evansville parties for 15 cents a pound live weight.

Mrs. Ed. Jensen returned to Cookeville last Sunday, where she has been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Mullenbach, of Chicago and little daughter are visiting at Ephraim Raymond's.

Miss Nettie Thomson returned to Fulton last Sunday after spending a few days with her parents in South Fulton.

Everybody come out and attend the next number on our lecture concert course. It will be moonlight and we guarantee that you will be paid for coming most any distance.

Mr. Fred Emerson Brooks will entertain you Saturday evening, Dec. 5th.

The Omina Literary club of Fulton will hold its next meeting next Friday evening Dec. 4th. A very interesting debate is in store for you.

Come one, and all and show your interest in the good work which is being done in our society.

Our high school students all seemed to enjoy their Thanksgiving vacation very much.

The annual meeting of the Congregational church of Fulton will be held at the church Monday evening, Dec. 7th to consider the feeling of the pulpit for the coming year and such other business as may come before the meeting.

BARKER'S CORNERS

Barker's Corners, Dec. 4.—The Ladies' Aid society will hold their fair next Wednesday afternoon and evening, December 9th, at the U. B. church. In the evening there will be a fishing pond and candy and all sorts of nice things will be sold.

Come and buy your Christmas presents.

Chas. Shoemaker has been on the jury this week.

Miss Vera Ingle is spending a few days with her grandmother, Mrs. Joseph Flager.

George McDermott and Virgil and Charlie Pope took in the fat stock show this week at Chicago.

Quite a few from this vicinity in spite of the storm, took in the excursion to the sugar beet factory at Menominee Thursday.

William Boettcher is erecting a new ice house.

Elsie Taylor was on the sick list the first of the week.

There was a man through here

UNABLE TO DO HOUSEWORK

Mrs. M. B. Dutton of Camden, N. J.

Cured by Father John's Medicine.

Mrs. M. B. Dutton of 1015 Francis street, Camden, N. J., has given permission to publish the following:

"Ever since last July I have been unable to do my housework on account of my throat and lung trouble. I began taking Father John's Medicine and as a result, I do not cough at all. I have no pain in my lungs and my throat is not sore. I am now able to do my own housework. I could not talk so that anyone could hear me, but now my voice is all right again. It is a God-send that I found out about Father John's Medicine. (Signed) Mahraima B. Dutton. Father John's Medicine is for sale by the Badger Drug company, corner of Milwaukee and River streets.

Fraternal Orders.

Your children will be healthy and strong and a comfort to you if you give them A. B. C. Family Tea, it's a mother's friend. 25c a package.

Badger Drug Co.

JANESEVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce

Reported for the Gazette.

REPORTED BY F. A. SPOON & CO.

December 7, 1903.

Flour—1st Pail at \$1.25 to \$1.30; 2nd Pail at \$1.30 to \$1.35 per sack.

Wheat—No. 1 Winter, 75¢ per bushel; No. 2 Spring, 50¢ per bushel.

Rye—By sample, at 45¢ to 50¢ per bushel.

Barley—Extra 45¢ to 50¢ fair; good malting, 40¢ to 45¢ per bushel; grade, 35¢ to 40¢.

Corn—25¢ to 30¢ per bushel; old, 25¢ depending on quality.

Oats—25¢ to 30¢.

Clover—\$7.75 to \$8.00 per bushel.

Tomato—Bush—Retail at \$1.00 to \$1.40 per bushel.

Potato—Per bushel and bushels, \$1.00 to \$1.20 cwt.

Beans—By sample, at 45¢ to 50¢ per bushel.

Brassicas—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Carrots—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Onions—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Turnips—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Radishes—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Carrots—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Beets—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Apples—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.

Lemons—40¢ per lb.

Oranges—40¢ per lb.

Plums—40¢ per lb.

Prunes—40¢ per lb.

Apricots—40¢ per lb.

Plums—40¢ per lb.

Prunes—40¢ per lb.

Plums—40¢ per lb.

Pr



[Copyright, 1894, by Mary Hallock Foote.]

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I.—Bingham (manager of Big Horn mine) and his daughter, overtaken by storm, stop for shelter at the Black Dwarf, prospect tunnel operated by Jack Darcie & young woman, who overheard Faith's secret. Faith, who was drinking heavily, falls into a stupor in the warm cabin, and Darcie accompanies Faith to the Big Horn.

CHAPTER II.—Darcie hints to Faith at what he has learned of her past life from which some others, who overheard the remark jump to conclusion he is a spy or reporter. He also says he has found in her his "mountain man."

CHAPTER III.—Mike airs his grievances against Darcie, who reveals to him Darcie's share of the common scandal concerning Bingham, to the effect that he had purchased a great relief at the expense of a deeper despair. "Suppose she had read it?" She was the judge whether she could read it or not; women seem to be able to do things that men can't do, and vice versa, if you've noticed. Anyhow, when a fact about a girl you believe in is impossible on the face of it, I wouldn't meddle with it; especially if she furnished the fact herself. Women and facts are the queerest things when they get thoroughly mixed; you have simply to choose between your woman and your facts. In your case, Darcie, I needn't say I'd take the woman every time."

"You would if it wasn't too late," said Darcie. "It all comes to the same thing; she will never go with me. But if she must go, perhaps she will go with Mike. Tell her, doctor, that I'm not going. I am not going. I am going to stay and finish my work. I came here to do it and I shuffled out of it for a selfish reason; now I intend to see it through. I was a spy; she believes for all the doctor's unrelenting summing up of facts that were sadly in evidence, what 'a king of shreds and patches' was the manager of the Big Horn."

At this after-dinner hour he was usually clothed on with his evening liquor, and incommodable to the pitch of surliness. It was thus that she found him. He had risen from his chair, and was moving with circumspection from the table to the sideboard, when his daughter's excited entrance startled him. He let fall the key which he held—that very precious duplicate key of the sideboard closet where his liquors and brandies were kept, the possession of which he had thus far been able to conceal from the vigilant Abby. As it slipped from his fat, smooth, shaking fingers, all that was left of his intelligence groveled after it upon the floor.

"Father, father!" cried Faith, rushing upon him. "Come, come with me! Oh! rouse up, do! Come out, and stop this fearful thing!"

"Mike, see that you cover up all that fresh earth in the corner with ashes; it's less conspicuous in case they get on to your trail while it is hot."

XI.
OUT OF THE GULCH.

It is safe to say that if every ransomed Christian in the Coeur d'Alene had lived, according to the word that we preach to the heathen, as simply, as fearfully, as Wan pursued his timorous way by the glimmer of his perfumed jew-sticks, there would have been no call for martial law. Yet Wan was destined to be one of the chosen victims of the labor question, his part in which, as a proletarian, was little more considered than that of the pony in the doctor's corral.

He fell out as the doctor had predicted. The case of Mike and Darcie had been postponed; it was not forgotten. There came a moment, in that hour of insane victory, when it did occur to some of the Big Horn men that there was a little job unfinished at the mine. One or two of them who had been concerned in the shooting on Tuesday night, were burning to avenge that silly failure.

The trains were still running on the narrow gauge track between Gem and the mines of Big Horn gulch, but they were in the hands of the strikers, and carried chiefly armed men and mumbolts of murder. They brought the posse of 50 men who had detailed themselves for special duty at the mine.

Faith witnessed this ill-omened arrival from the second-story gallery, where she was walking alone in the starlight, herself being unseen in the shadow of the roof. She watched the movements of the men with anxiety, and saw them in threatening consultation with Abby. Even as she listened to the sound of their bodeful voices, her own name was under discussion, and the men were proposing to put her to the question concerning the whereabouts of the spy.

"That was pleasant," said the doctor, dryly. "Any other little endearments pass between you? Is this your international style of courtship? I've wondered how you Englishmen manage to get on so fast with our girls!"

"Well, she is thinking about your safety now, purely on account of the reparation we owe you at the mine. It is on her conscience that she wishes she knew where you are. I haven't told her yet; it's just as well to let you stay on her conscience awhile longer; and she has got to have something there. But don't presume upon it. Has it occurred by this time to your investigating mind that there might be ways for a lady to come by the contents of a letter besides helping herself to it? Do you know that the old man—I won't call him her father—confronted her with that information you have been collecting and accused her of helping you to get it, and of being your wife accomplish generally?—or the word of Abby!"

"Don't make it any worse, doctor!" pleaded Darcie, humbly. "I know she can never forgive that shadow of a thought in me. Yet it seemed, as she put it, a simple statement of fact."

Time-tried
and true.
A record
of healing
for sixty years.

"Don't make it any worse, doctor!"

ominous arrival, and was at that moment in the cellar, warning the refugees to be ready, and to have out their light in case it should be seen when the cellar door opened to admit the unhappy girl who was going with them.

Darcie's heart was in his mouth with fear and joy, and Mike's blood was bounding at the thought of the wild night's flight in the free, open darkness, and the deeds of daring he might have occasion to display; for Mike had a warlike Irish imagination, and he was as vain of his valor as he was sure of it. The doctor had omitted to mention, as a detail of his plan, that he had not as yet presented the same to Faith. He was deliberately conspiring with the cruel circumstances that beseiged the girl to capture all her scruples at once; there was no other way but to harden his heart against doubts and compunctions, and to put confidence in the men he had chosen in the place of her natural protectors. The doctor was no bungling judge of male character, and, in his opinion, a man may be a young girl's natural protector in other than the established way; but the doctor was not yet a father.

As he left the cellar, his ear was shocked by a sound of pitiful screams and hoarse brutal cries, and, looking across the gulch, he saw, as in a vision of the "Inferno," a wretched, struggling figure haled along at the end of a rope, towed by a mass of men, as fast as they could go over the rough ground, in the direction of the secret tamaracks. The person of the victim was scarcely distinguishable, but the doctor knew it could be only the miserable Chinaman; and a strange familiarity with the fact crossed him, as if he had beheld the shameful scene before in some moment of prophetic consciousness, and had always known that such would be the end of Wan.

In that horror-stricken moment Faith had flown to her father, forgetful of the breach between them, and confident of his protection for the wretched Wan. She could not yet count him as naught, or quite believe, for all the doctor's unrelenting summing up of facts that were sadly in evidence, what "a king of shreds and patches" was the manager of the Big Horn.

At this after-dinner hour he was usually clothed on with his evening liquor, and incommodable to the pitch of surliness. It was thus that she found him. He had risen from his chair, and was moving with circumspection from the table to the sideboard, when his daughter's excited entrance startled him. He let fall the key which he held—that very precious duplicate key of the sideboard closet where his liquors and brandies were kept, the possession of which he had thus far been able to conceal from the vigilant Abby. As it slipped from his fat, smooth, shaking fingers, all that was left of his intelligence groveled after it upon the floor.

"Father, father!" cried Faith, rushing upon him. "Come, come with me! Oh! rouse up, do! Come out, and stop this fearful thing!"

"Mike, see that you cover up all that fresh earth in the corner with ashes; it's less conspicuous in case they get on to your trail while it is hot."

CHAPTER VI.—Darcie goes to keep his "wryts," but is met by a volley of bullets, one of which pierces his arm. Faith comes upon the scene and has him taken to the Old Mission. Wan, in a stained coat, comes upon a letter in a blue envelope, which he surrenders to Abby.

Darcie was turning red and white, and his knees were shaking under him. "Has she said that she will go?" he asked, avoiding the doctor's eye.

"I haven't asked her, and I don't propose to. What does she know? Of course she'd say she couldn't go. It is time now for the men to do something, if there are any men left in this dashtardly mine. Do you know what the old man has done?" and the fiery little doctor exploded again over the "cowardly telegram" which he said was "a disgrace to the mine and to everyone connected with it." The doctor refused to set down that action of Mr. Bingham to the score of humanity or concern for the company's property, which shows how loss of reputation in several ways may destroy a man's credit in the few ways remaining and rob him of the last charitable doubt.

"Did you ever read a story called 'Better Dead?' I don't know the name of the crank who wrote it," the doctor added, modestly—he was not literary in his tastes—"but he hit on good phrase right there. I've used it to my own satisfaction quite frequently since I read the thing. There's a friend of ours not far from this who were 'better dead.' He is dead. The vital spark has been out of him so long; it's indecent to have him around, and we may as well be frank about it. I've lived long enough in the west not to have many prejudices, but there are one or two things I can't stand. I can't stand a coward, and I can't stand a man who doesn't know how to take care of his women folks. To see a girl like Miss Bingham mixed up with such an outfit as that! Now, if she can't be taken out of this place any other way I will sleep with her myself, and that might make trouble in the family. But there's no need of me when here are you two fellows, who stood by her once before when the old man went back on her. And she went under fire for you just as if she'd been brought up to it. Her conduct that night shows what she can do if required. It's no slouch of a trip I've laid out for you, and I'm sorry, Darcie, you had the bad taste to get shot, just as two arms would have been so mortally convenient. I'm afraid the journey will be rough on you."

"It's no use, doctor," said Darcie, quietly. In the bitterness of a despair that was beyond words; "she will never go in the world—not with me. They have shown her that letter, and she thinks I have lied to her; moreover, I accused her to her face of opening it and reading it herself."

"That was pleasant," said the doctor, dryly. "Any other little endearments pass between you? Is this your international style of courtship? I've wondered how you Englishmen manage to get on so fast with our girls!"

"Well, she is thinking about your safety now, purely on account of the reparation we owe you at the mine. It is on her conscience that she wishes she knew where you are. I haven't told her yet; it's just as well to let you stay on her conscience awhile longer; and she has got to have something there. But don't presume upon it. Has it occurred by this time to your investigating mind that there might be ways for a lady to come by the contents of a letter besides helping herself to it? Do you know that the old man—I won't call him her father—confronted her with that information you have been collecting and accused her of helping you to get it, and of being your wife accomplish generally?—or the word of Abby!"

"Don't make it any worse, doctor!" pleaded Darcie, humbly. "I know she can never forgive that shadow of a thought in me. Yet it seemed, as she put it, a simple statement of fact."

Time-tried
and true.
A record
of healing
for sixty years.

Good for Man or Beast. Cures
hurts and pains anywhere in the
body or on the surface.

THE GREATEST EMERGENCY LINIMENT KNOWN.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

LODGE CALENDAR.

Masonic:
Western Star Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M.—1st and 4th Tuesday.
Janesville Lodge, No. 33, F. and A. M.—2nd and 4th Monday.
Janesville Chapter, No. 5, R. A. M.—1st and 3rd Thursday.
Janesville Commandery, No. 2, K. T.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.
Janesville Chapter, No. 69, O. E. S.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.
Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14—Every Wednesday.

Janesville City Lodge, No. 90—Every Tuesday.
Rock River Encampment, No. 8—1st and 4th Friday.
Central Jaycees, No. 9, Patriarchs Militant—4th and 6th Saturday.
American Lodge, No. 23, D. of R. 2nd and 4th Saturday.
Sociedad Benefit Club—1st Thursday.
Janesville Lodge, No. 171, D. of R.—2nd and 4th Saturday.
Catholic Knights of Wisconsin Branch, No. 38—1st Sunday.
Elks—Janesville Lodge, No. 254—Every Tuesday.

G. A. R.:
W. H. Surgeon Post, No. 26—2nd and 4th Friday.
W. H. Surgeon Corps, No. 21, W. R. U.—Every Alternate Tuesday.
Hibernians Division, No. 3—1st Sunday.
Knights of the Globe, Janesville Garrison, No. 19—2nd and 4th Tuesday.
Knights of the Maccabees, Rock River Tent, No. 61—1st and 3rd Monday.
Rock River Hive, No. 71, Ladies of the Macabees—1st and 3rd Monday.
Knights of Pythias, Oriental Lodge, No. 22—Meets every Friday.

United Workmen, Olive Branch Lodge, No. 30—2nd and 4th Friday.
Olive Lodge, No. 27, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Wednesday.
Laurel Lodge, No. 2, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Thursday.
Elks Council, No. 222, Royal Arcanum—2nd and 4th Monday.
Independent Order of Foresters—1st Monday.
Mystic Workers of the World—1st and 3rd Tuesday.
Order of the Eastern Star—1st and 3rd Tuesday.
Woman's Royal Order of Foresters—2nd and 4th Tuesday.
Beavers—2nd and 4th Tuesday.
Colony, No. 2, B. R. F. F.—4th Tuesday.
St. Patrick's Court, No. 318—1st and 3rd Wednesday.
Crystal Camp, No. 122, H. N. A.—Every 3rd Friday.

Rock River Grange, P. of F.—1st and 3rd Friday.
Union Lin. Compt.—1st and 3rd Friday.
Knights of Columbus—1st and 3rd Thursday.
Janesville Assembly of Equitable Fraternal Union, No. 171, meets the first and third Mondays of each month at the Caledonian hall, Carle Block.

Labor Organizations:
Journeymen Barbers' Union—1st Monday.
Painters, Paperhangers & Decorators Union—1st and 3rd Monday.
Journeymen Tailors' Union—2nd Monday.
Leather Workers—1st and 3rd Tuesday.
Brewers' Union—1st and 3rd Tuesday.
Retail Clerks' Union—3rd Tuesday.
Mechanists' Union—2nd and 4th Tuesday.
Federal Labor Union—1st and 3rd Wednesday.
Typewriters' Union—1st Wednesday.
Trades Council, Building Trades Council—2nd and 4th Wednesday.
Woodworkers' Union—4th Thursday.
Cigar Makers' Union—2nd Wednesday.
Boot & Shoe Workers' Union—1st Thursday.
Teamsters' Union—1st and 3rd Thursday.
Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers Union—1st and 3rd Friday.
Carpenters' Union—1st and 3rd Friday.
Women's Union Label League—2nd and 4th Friday.
Stone Cutters' Association of North America—1st and 3rd Friday.
Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen—1st and 3rd Saturday.

"Oh, oh!" shuddered the girl.
Mr. Bingham groped for the chair he had imprudently forsaken and seated himself majestically upon the arm. The heavy chair tipped with his weight. Faith helped him to regain his seat. She stooped to search for his key, clutching the tears from her eyes.
"Keep 'way—don't talk so low; where 'sh it? Only key I got. Abby's she—I—wha's 'sh I do?" he whimpered.

"Will you listen to that poor thing begging for his life! Do you want to have your people murdered?"

But the late Mr. Bingham simply stared, working his empty fingers, feeling for the lost key; his mind was concentrated solely on that interrupted journey to the sideboard.

"Keep 'way—don't talk so low; where 'sh it? Only key I got. Abby's she—I—wha's 'sh I do?" he whimpered.

"Here it is, poor father," she said, putting the key back into his hand. "There; have you got it? Let me put it into your pocket. See, you will lose it again."

(To be Continued.)

Take our word for it. Come to our store and get a package of Rocky Mountain Tea. If it fails to cure you, get your money. That's fair. 35 cents. Voiss' Pharmacy.

Royalty Records.

Examination of the records of the characteristics of European royalty by Dr. Frederic Adams Wood, shows that the morally superior were the better endowed mentally.

MAN'S BEST FRIEND—Dr. Mutter's Quick Cure for Skin Diseases. Advertised immediately. It does the business. "One pleases. Salve." Salve. Chemist, Dept. K6, St. Janes, Wis.

Plenty of Clergymen. At a wedding celebrated at Bandon, County Cork, the bride's father and brother were the officiating clergymen, while the bridegroom was also a clergyman.

M. J. Bain, Ann Arbor.—"Have tried many medicines but find nothing as good as Rocky Mountain Tea." There's no other medicine that makes sick people well so quickly. 35 cents. A. Voiss' Pharmacy.

C.M. & St. Paul Ry.

Homeseekers' Excursions via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

One fare plus \$2 for the round trip, effective first and third Tuesday of each month from December 1903 to April 1904, inclusive. Dates of sale December 1 and 15, 1903; January 6 and 19, 1904. For details apply to agents of the C. M. & St. P. Ry.

To Colorado and California via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

Double daily train service is now offered from Chicago to Colorado and to California via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Union Pacific line. Through standard and tourist sleepers are operated between Chicago and San Francisco; and through standard sleepers and reclining chair cars between Chicago and Denver.

The new service to Colorado includes a train that is on the road only one night, leaving Chicago 9:45 a.m., reaching Denver early the next afternoon.

A descriptive folder and booklet from any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, or F. A. Miller, general passenger agent, Chicago.

The Southwest Limited—New Train Chicago-Kansas City.

The new short line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway has been completed through Melrose, Rock Island, Davenport, Muscatine, Washington and Ottumwa, and gives a new and direct route between Chicago and Kansas City. The Southwest Limited, the new electric-lighted train between these cities, makes its first trip December 6. It is a handsomely equipped train, carrying standard and compartment sleepers, observation-library car, dining car, chair car and coach.

A second daily train between Chicago and Kansas City is also offered via the new route.

Additional information from any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, or F. A. Miller, general passenger agent, Chicago.

Veterinary Surgeon

PERSCHBACHER

BURNHAM

Spent your time in leisure listening to the sweet strains of the Edison Phonograph, or to the Columbia Graphophone, or to the latest wireless sets in the Burnham Room, 110 East Main Street.

DRY CLEANING

The place to have your clothes cleaned is Dry Cleaning, 110 East Main Street.

HOW A SOLDIER DIED**BULGARIAN, WHOSE MEMORY WILL EVER BE HONORED.**

One of the Insurgents Who Are Making Brave Struggle for Freedom From Turkish Tyranny Tells the Story of a Hero's Death.

(Special Correspondence.)

With the Bulgarian army in an absolute necessity, for the shadow of the Bashli-Bazuk is never far from their body, and it is not so long since the heel of the Turk was on the neck of the people, but it will never be

**Demir-Kopou Defile.**
(Recently Occupied by Bulgarian Insurgents.)

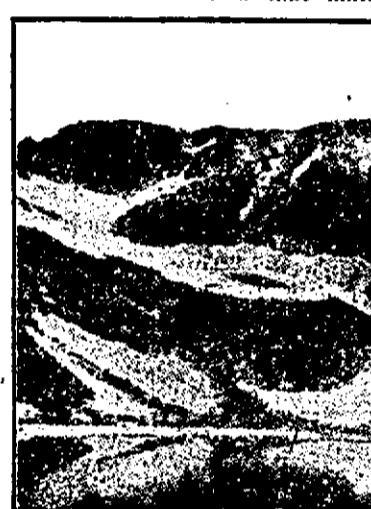
there again whilst there is an officer left alive in the land. I have heard tales from the life of old men, who know the things they talk, concerning those devils from Asia Minor, tales that have clogged my blood with horror, and I am free to confess that a Bashli-Bazuk on the war path is one of the last things I want to meet.

Is it known that young Bulgarian officers have been deserting the colors for many a long month past, throwing away their military careers in their own land to go and lead the bands in the mountains? Do you know that they have been dying unrecorded and无声 on lonely mountain sides simply to help the helpless? I know this thing to be true. I have spoken with those near and dear to them who mourn them. Listen. I am looking up at a man who is telling me a story. He is swinging loosely in his saddle, sitting half-side, as cattle drovers sit when watching the movements of a herd. His ungloved hand is brown and corded. It is a man's hand, and a man's face is above it—just such a face and hand as I saw on the quarterdeck of an English ship of war a month back; just such a hand and face as I have seen outside American uniforms in the frontier towns of the States.

"My brother was with the band," he said, halting in his English. "The Turks to the number of five hundred had them pinned in a cleft in the mountains. There was one man there, a Bulgarian. He had been a comrade of mine in the service, before he threw it up and joined the patriots to help beat the Turks. We do not speak of him openly, not often, but we drink a silent health to his memory always. We are proud of him, and we revere his name. It will go down in history, that name, the name of Sugaroff. He was always in the thick of the fighting, and his body was torn with wounds, yet none was in a fatal place. Courage, courage, comrades!" that was his cry all the time. "Don't waste a bullet. Shoot straight, for the Turks are many and the cartridges are few. They did not lose heart, not even when the last cartridge was fired. They had fought side by side too often to be afraid to die together. Comrade after comrade dropped and died; yet no man among the little band spoke of surrender. The Macolons meant to die, as boldly as their Bulgarian leaders."

"Close and closer the hated enemy came, until patriot and oppressor could look easily into each other's eyes. The Turks kept firing steadily, but now the bandmen's rifles were silent. The last cartridge was spent; all that they had to hope was five minutes of fierce fighting, hand to hand, mountaineer's knife against soldier's bayonet, and then death and mutilation, the burlap that the vulture gives. It was then my old-time comrade,

"My brother was with the band," he said, light-hearted Sugaroff, the man

**In the Mountains.**

That night I drank deeply to the memory of the Bulgarian hero, and to every American schoolboy I pledge the name of Sugaroff.

Let Boys Keep House.

When a boy does not know how to keep house, one-half of his education has been neglected. He should be taught simple cooking, bed-making, mending and made familiar with the routine of ordinary housekeeping.

A certain wealthy family in town has put its boys through a course of household training. The boys have taken turns marketing, they have turned the wringer for the laundress and written descriptions of the process of washing, they have made beds and swept and dusted and only the other day one of the young fellows just married said: "Why, I wouldn't part with my practical knowledge of housework for a thousand dollars. It has saved me more than that already, as I am able to keep run of the details of expenses and the work that must be done."

Chicago Post.

Warning Foot Passengers.

In Oriental countries the recklessness of drivers of vehicles and their disregard for foot passengers is very marked; but in Cairo they have a series of curious cries with which they warn a footman. They specify the particular part of his anatomy which is in danger, as thus: "Look out for thy left shin, O uncle." "Boy, have a care for the little toe on thy right foot." "O blind beggar, look out for thy staff." And the blind beggar, feeling his way with the staff in his right hand, at once obediently turns to the left. "O Frankish woman, look out for thy left foot." "O turban bearer, thy load is in danger." "O water carrier, look out for the tail-end of thy pigskin water bottle."

Really Everybody's Business.

Much of the cruelty and wrong in the world to-day goes unpunished or unreprimanded, because those not directly concerned do not like to interfere. They get behind that noble and self-sufficient excuse that is summed up in the very convenient phrase, "It is not my business." It is only another way of expressing an excuse that was offered by a man of the dim and distant past who was asked the whereabouts of his his brother. A cruelty, a wrong in any form, is everybody's business.—Baltimore Herald.

Large Gift to Hospital.

An anonymous donor has given \$1,500,000 to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, to buy the land required for extension.

Brazilians Speak Portuguese.

Portuguese is spoken by 5,000,000 people in Portugal and by 11,000,000 in Brazil.

**DAY-OLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY SUMMARIZED**

Important Items of News at Home and Abroad Told in Short, Concise Paragraphs.

DOMESTIC.

Two hundred Rhode Island clergy men will begin a crusade against divorce. They will refuse to remarry divorced persons until after strict investigation.

Dr. Harper, in an address at New York, talked of the ignorance of New Englanders of the west and said it was impossible for New York to understand Chicago.

Judges in the New York beauty show are to meet to choose the fairest woman in the world. Zion City has two entries.

The Gridiron club dinner at Washington had fun at the expense of Roosevelt, Hanna, Cannon and others. Mrs. Ballington Booth visited the Volunteers' Prison league at Joliet.

The high price of cotton resulted in the closing of many mills, reduced wages and curtailed the output of north and south.

Five Grand Rapids, Mich., officials have entered pleas of guilty to the charge of accepting bribes from Lant K. Salsbury.

CHICAGO.

Mayor Harrison and Chief of Police O'Neill, alarmed at the reign of crime in Chicago in the last two months, are routed to active crusade against robbery and murder. The police accuse justices of leniency.

Boys learn anarchy in the public schools declared Principal Campbell at the teachers' meeting. He declares boys intimidate the teachers, and favor corporal punishment.

"Yellow press" and "lurid extras" are blamed by J. M. Hamilton for the murder of Attorney Fullenwider.

Two non-union conductors, assaulted by passengers on the Chicago City railway, shot and wounded their assailants.

A new \$1,000,000 office building is to be erected at the corner of State and Adams streets. It will have fourteen stories and many unique features.

The City Railway company will order all employees to take off union badges. The men declare they will refuse.

Dowles has regained the lace works Judge Kohlsaat declaring the receivers were wrong in taking possession.

Six officers and members of the executive board of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers have been indicted by the grand jury for conspiracy and bribery.

NEW YORK.

A Harlem judge has decided that a physician's prescription left with a druggist belongs to the customer.

Two men were burned to death and six others rescued with difficulty at a fire at a double wake in Brooklyn.

The Brooklyn prison record shows that Edward Gaffney has spent sixteen years in prison for beating his wife having been convicted ten separate times.

FOREIGN.

Europe waits with anxiety news from Tokio, upon which hangs peace or war in the far east. British army officers have sailed to join the Japanese staff. Peace agreement is not credited in London.

China appoints Yuan She Kai head of the army and navy, and shows uneasiness over British plans in Tibet.

Canada is showing a growing distrust of the United States because of Senator Hale's talk of annexation, and the prospect of the absorption of St. Pierre, Miquelon and Greenland.

Chicago beef packers are suspected of plan to open 500 grocery and provision shops in English cities to control the food supply of the British public. The Liverpool press is alarmed.

SPORTING.

Jockeys Atkins, Ferrell and D. Hall and bookmakers were ruled off the turf for life by the stewards of the Oakland track. Danny Lynch is suspected of a part in the conspiracy.

Fitzsimmons' recent victory over Gardner is considered by pugilists as the greatest in his career.

Chicago is to have a new race track, at Ninety-fifth street and Michigan avenue, on the site of the old western bookmakers' track.

Smallpox an Old Disease.

Contrary to the popular impression, smallpox is not a disease of modern origin. It is doubtful if there are any authentic data concerning its first appearance, but the earliest chronicle now existing of its ravages dates from the sixth century of our present era.

OLD BABYLONIAN SCHOOL

Recently Unearthed by a German Priest While Excavating—Letters Made on Bricks.

Rev. Vincent Scheil, a German priest making excavations in an ancient Babylonian city, has unearthed a school just as it was 4,000 years ago in the time of King Hammurabi.

It is a small house of sunburnt brick and stands in the midst of the most populous district of the city of Seapur, just opposite the great temple. It has many inscribed brick, from the gunnel-form inscriptions on which Father Scheil has reconstructed the life of the ancient Babylonian school. One brick says: "He who learns to write well in the school will shine as the sun."

There were seven small rooms in the school, each with its various kinds of brick. In one room were found bricks with grammatical exercises. The scholars evidently sat on the ground in rows with soft clay bricks in their hands, painfully forming the hard cuneiform letters. Father Scheil says the thumb-marks of the teacher are to be detected where he smudged over the scholars' mistakes. There was a room where advanced scholars learned to write the elaborate and highly poetical forms of cuneiform often seen on Babylonian monuments. Much importance was attached to learning weights and measures, to arithmetic and geometry, but the chief branches were grammar, writing and the expression of adulterous forms.

There is evidence that girls got pretty much the same education as boys and Father Scheil found contracts in which the language and law had been revised by a learned woman named Amat Buan.

There is evidence that a pupil was occupied with learning to write from seven to fourteen years.

AN UNFAMILIAR DIALECT.

London Cockneys Talk Anything But English, Says an American Woman—Visit to "Moblatch."

An American woman who was lately in London for the first time is convinced that whatever the language may be which the cockneys speak, it is not English. One of her experiences is related by the Washington Post.

The woman wished to see the city all by herself. Somebody told her that if she went to the terminus of some bus line—it did not matter which—and waited a little, she would hear the conductor call out the places on the route, and then could choose that which she wished to visit.

She found a place where buses were arriving and departing, and waited. She heard many curious names, but failed to understand much that the busmen said.

Every now and then the man on the step of a bus would call out: "Moblatch! Moblatch!" and she wondered what part of London "Moblatch" might be.

She had never heard of it before, and she had been studying London for six months. At last, she ventured to address a conductor who looked approachable.

"Will you kindly tell me," she said, "Where one takes the bus for Marble Arch?"

The man looked at her pityingly. Her American accent was thick upon her, and he percolated also that she must be deaf. He leaned toward her and drew a long breath. Then he bellowed:

"This is your bus, ma'am!" and began to shout. "Moblatch! Moblatch!"

The visitor had let seven "Moblatch" buses go because she never once guessed that that is the way Marble Arch is pronounced in London.

A Continuous Performance.

Miss Louise Ormsby of Omaha, a talented young singer, has started on an English tour of special concerts with the well-known cello player Fiddlesey, and Rudolf Zwintzsch, the pianist. When en route from London to Newmarket some of the paraphernalia of the company was lost, and it was not until the arrival at the hall where the concert was to be given that it was discovered that the programmes of the concert were among the missing baggage. This necessitated some one going on to the platform and announcing verbally each item of the programme that was to be performed, and to the intense amusement of the very smart audience that had been drawn to Newmarket to hear Miss Ormsby the director announced that "Miss Louise Ormsby will sing 'Until To-Morrow.'"

Promises Another Trial.

"I admit I done wrong, judge," pleaded the prisoner, "but gimme another chance, won't yer?" "Not now," replied the magistrate, "but I'll give you another trial if you're ever brought before me again. Six months."

—Philadelphia Ledger.

PAPERMAKING IN CANADA.

Dominion Contains Great Facilities for Manufacture of Wood Pulp—Extensive Spruce Forests.

In Canada the subject of water power is obtaining consideration in connection with various industries, says the London Telegraph. One of these is the manufacture of paper from wood pulp. The dominion contains more spruce, the best wood for this purpose, than all the rest of the world put together, and possesses at the same time vastly more unused water power.

According to the Dominion statistician, the spruce forests cover 450,000,000 acres, or about 700,000 square miles—roughly, eight times the area of Great Britain. Year by year the exports of wood and of wood pulp for the making of paper are rising and now the Canadian protectionists are putting forward the demand that they should not export the pulp but the paper, not the raw material but the manufactured article, for the production of which their immense water power gives them enormous advantages. It seems not improbable that ere long a heavy export duty will be levied on wood pulp and that Canada will become a great exporter of paper. She holds the energetic position and can also make her own terms. It is said that nine times as much labor would be required to manufacture paper as is needed simply to export the wood. So far as the United States is concerned, Canada is becoming more and more the one available source of supply and for the New York newspapers alone a clearance of 10,000 acres of forest is necessary every year.

Word with a History.

"Shibboleth" is a word frequently used in modern politics, though it may be doubted whether many politicians know the history of it. Curiously enough, this Hebrew word really means "an ear of corn" as well as a "rivers" but its significance for moderns arises from the fact that it was employed as a test to distinguish the Ephraimites from the Gileadites, the former being unable to pronounce the "sh" sound.

Honduras Pack Mules.

Pack mules in Honduras carry 200 pounds in dry weather and 150 in wet weather.

His Wants Were Few.

Tramp—Please, mum, would you be so kind as to let me have a needle and thread?

Mrs. Suburb—Well, yes; I can let you have that.

"Thankyou, mum. Now, you'll oblige me very much if you'll let me have a bit of cloth for a patch."

"Well, here is some."

"Thankyou, mum, but it's a different color from my travellin' suit. Perhaps, mum, you could spare me some of your husband's old clothes that this patch will match."

"Well, I declare! I'll give you an old suit, however. Here it is."

"Thankyou, mum. I see it's a little large, mum, but if you'll furnish me with a square meal, mobby I can fit it out."

An Accomplished Donkey.

A traveler in central Africa tells of a native hunter of the Wander tribe who was the possessor of a most accomplished donkey, which, with an antelope's horns strapped to its head, its body covered with a skin or painted to resemble the animal its master intended to stalk that day, was the means of slaying many an unwary creature into falling a victim to the poisoned arrows of the hunter crouching behind his four-footed assistant.

Exchange.**American Patents.**

The United States patent office issues one-third of the whole number of patents issued in the world, or nearly as many as France, Germany and Great Britain combined, and four and a half times as many as Germany, the only one of our near competitors which makes novelty researches before granting patents.

Pills and Pulets.

A French physician once sent his man with a box of pills to a patient, and a hamper containing six little pulets to be left at the house of a friend. Unluckily, the messenger bungled over his errand, and took the hamper to the patient, and the pills to his master's friend. Imagine the consternation of the patient on receiving along with the fowls the following prescription: "Two of these to be swallowed every half-hour."

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

IT HAS been reported that

SANTA CLAUS

would come in an Automobile this year. One little girl didn't believe it for he would 'explode'.

Cloaks and Furs

make sensible presents. This store offers the most, the best; and about Prices; special low prices prevail on all Cloaks.

Suits...

An assortment here large enough to suit most anyone. All sizes and Prices that are attracting purchasers. Women and Misses, old, middle aged or young can find a Suit to please.

Oriental Rugs

are being considered by many people. Our stock is being much talked about. You'll talk too after seeing the beautiful styles.

Muslin Underwear

Our stock is at its best. Any Woman or Miss would be pleased with an outfit, or a pretty skirt or other piece.